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## THE CHALLENGES OF PROPHECY

DOES THE PROPHET FEEL "AT HOME" IN HIS/HER MISSION | DR. TOVA GANZEL

God sends the prophet to deliver a message. To what extent does the prophet feel "at home" in delivering that message? To what extent does the prophet feel that he/she is simply fulfilling God's command? Join us in exploring three prophets and their missions.

Often we portray the prophets as passive individuals, mere tools for the transmission of prophetic messages between God and His people. In this session, we will ask: To what extend did prophets feel "at home" as transmitters? To what extent did they reconcile themselves to being sent to confront the people around them?







We will examine different instances in which the prophetic literature reveals the prophet's inner world, the feelings and experiences prophets had when facing—and, at times, confronting—God. How did they cope when forced to perform unendurable actions, such as eating the very minimum for many months (Ezekiel) or walking in public without clothes for three years (Isaiah)? How did they respond when forced to prophesy, when a divine hand took the prophets by the hair of their heads (בציציות ראשם; Ezek. 8:3) and forced them into their prophetic missions?

The sources below relate to three case studies: Moses, Jeremiah, and Ezekiel. In each case, I suggest that readers give thought to or discuss the following:

- → To what extent is the prophet's individual personality expressed?
- → To what extent does the prophet identify with the prophetic messages he conveys to the people in God's name?
- → What feelings does the prophet express through his experience and through his discourse with God?
- $\rightarrow$  In sum, where and when does each prophet feel at home?
- → Note: the answers are not uniform; different verses will illuminate distinct trends

## MOSES



וַיְדַבֵּר ה' אֶל מֹשֶׁה לָךְּ רֵד כִּי שִׁחַת עַמְּךְּ אֲשֶׁר הֶעֱלֵיתָ מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם: סְרוּ מַהֵּר מִּן־הַדָּרֶךְּ אֲשֶׁר צִוּיתָם עְשׂוּ לָהֶם עַגֶּל מַשֶּׁרָ הוֹיִאְמְרוּ לֵהָ אֲלֹהֶיךְּ יִשְׂרָאֵל אֲשֶׁר הָעֱלוּךְ מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם: וַיֹּאמֶר ה' אֶל־מֹשֶׁה רָאִיתִי אֶת־הָעֶם מַשְּׁכָּה וַיִּשְׁהָ אוֹתְךּ לְגוֹי גָּדוֹל: וַיְחַל מֹשֶׁה אֶת־פְּנֵי ה' הַיָּה וְהִנָּה עַם־קְשֵׁה־עֹרֶף הוּא: וְעַתָּה הַנִּיחָה לִּי וְיִחַר־אַפִּי בָּהָם וַאֲכַלֵּם וְאֶעֲשֶׂה אוֹתְךּ לְגוֹי גָּדוֹל: וַיְחַל מֹשֶׁה אֶת־פְּנֵי ה' אֱלֹהָיו וַיֹּאמֶר לָמָה יְהוָה יֶחֶרָה אַפְּךְּ בְּעַמֶּךְ אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתָ מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְלִיִם בְּכֹח נָּדוֹל וּבְיָד חֲזָקָה: לָמָה יֹאמְרוּ מִצְלִהְ בְּעָמֶּךְ אֲשֶׁר הוֹצִיאָם לַהֲרֹג אֹתָם בָּהָרִים וּלְכַלֹתָם מֵעַל פְּנֵי הָאֲדָמָה שׁוּב מַחֲרוֹן אַפֶּךְ וְהִנָּחֵם עַל־הָרְעָה לְעַמֶּך: זְכֹלְתָם לָּאַרְץ הַזֹּאת אֲשֶׁר לְיִצְחָק וּלְיִשְׂרָאֵל עֲבָדִיךְ אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּעְתָּ לָהֶם בָּרְ וַתְּדַבֵּר אֲלֵהֶם אַרְבָּה אֶת־זַרְעֵכֶם כְּכוֹכְבֵי הַשְּׁמִים וְכָל־הָאֶרֶץ הַזֹּאת אֲשֶׁר לְיִבְּלָם וְנָחָלוּ לְעִלְם: וַיִּלָּחָם ה' עַל־הָרְעָה אֲשֶׁר דְּבָּר לַעֲשׂוֹת לְעַמּוֹ

(שמות לב, 7-14).

The LORD spoke to Moses, "Hurry down, for your people, whom you brought out of the land of Egypt, have acted basely. They have been quick to turn aside from the way that I enjoined upon them. They have made themselves a molten calf and bowed low to it and sacrificed to it, saying: 'This is your god, O Israel, who brought you out of the land of Egypt!'" The LORD further said to Moses, "I see that this





is a stiffnecked people. Now, let Me be, that My anger may blaze forth against them and that I may destroy them, and make of you a great nation." But Moses implored the LORD his God, saying, "Let not Your anger, O Lord, blaze forth against Your people, whom You delivered from the land of Egypt with great power and with a mighty hand. Let not the Egyptians say, 'It was with evil intent that He delivered them, only to kill them off in the mountains and annihilate them from the face of the earth.' Turn from Your blazing anger, and renounce the plan to punish Your people. Remember Your servants, Abraham, Isaac, and Israel, how You swore to them by Your Self and said to them: I will make your offspring as numerous as the stars of heaven, and I will give to your offspring this whole land of which I spoke, to possess forever." And the LORD renounced the punishment He had planned to bring upon His people.

And here is the sages' perspective:

**← Z** 

"וְעַתָּה הַנִּיחָה לִּי וְיִחַר אַפִּי בָהֶם וַאֲכַלֵּם וְאֶעֱשֶׂה אוֹתְךּ לְגוֹי נָּדוֹל וְגוֹ". אֶמַר רַבִּי אֲבָהוּ: אִלְמָלֵא מִקְרָא כָּתוּב, אִי אֶפְשָׁר לְאוֹמְרוֹ. מְלַמֵּד שֶׁתְּכָסוֹ משֶׁה לְהַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא, כְּאָדָם שֶׁהוּא תּוֹכֵּס אֶת חֲבֵירוֹ בְּבִגְדוֹ, וְאָמַר לְכָנָיו: רְבּוֹנוֹ שֶׁל עוֹלָם, אֵין אֵנִי מַנִּיחֵךְ עַד שֶׁתִּמְחוֹל וְתִסְלַח לָהֶם."

(**ברכות** ל"ב, ע"א)

In an additional aspect of the sin of the Golden Calf, God told Moses: "Now leave Me be, that My wrath will be enraged against them and I will consume them; and I will make of you a great nation" (Exodus 32:10). Explaining this verse, Rabbi Abbahu said: Were the verse not written in this manner, it would be impossible to utter it, in deference to God. The phrase: Leave Me be, teaches that Moses grabbed the Holy One, Blessed be He, as a person who grabs his friend by his garment would, and he said before Him: Master of the Universe, I will not leave You be until You forgive and pardon them.

**← 3** 

ַוְיָהִי הָעֶם כְּמִתְאֹנְנִים רַע בְּאָזְנֵי ה' וַיִּשְׁמַע יְהוָה וַיִּחַר אַפּוֹ וַתִּבְעַר־בָּם אֵשׁ יְהוָה וַתֹּאכַל בִּקְצֵה הַמַּחֲנֶה: וַיִּצְעַק הָעֶם אֶל־ משָׁה וַיִּתְפַּלָּל משָׁה אַל ה' וַתִּשְׁקַע הָאָשׁ: (ב**מדבר** יא, 2-1).

The people took to complaining bitterly before the LORD. The LORD heard and was incensed: a fire of the LORD broke out against them, ravaging the outskirts of the camp. The people cried out to Moses. Moses prayed to the LORD, and the fire died down.





**←** 4

על מרים: וַיִּצְעַק מֹשֶׁה אֱל ה' לֵאמֹר אֱל נָא רְכָּא נָא לָה:

(במדבר יב, 13)

So Moses cried out to the LORD, saying, "O God, pray heal her!"

**← 5** 

על אהרון: וּבָאַהַרֹן הָתָאַנַף ה' מָאֹד לְהַשְּׁמִידוֹ וָאֵתְפַּלֵל גַּם־בִּעַד אַהַרֹן בָּעַת הַהָּוֹא: (דברים ט, 20)

Moreover, the LORD was angry enough with Aaron to have destroyed him; so I also interceded for Aaron at that time.

For more on this subject, see Numbers 14; Deuteronomy 9:25-29.

## **JEREMIAH**



אַתָּה יָדַעְתָּ ה׳ זָכְרַנִי וּפָקְדֵנִי וְהָנָּקֶם לִי מֵרֹדְפִי אַל־לְאֶרֶךְ אַפְּךָ תִּקְּחֵנִי דַּע שְׂאֵתִי עָלֶיךְּ חֶרְפָּה: נִמְצְאוּ דְבָרֶיךְּ וָאֹכְלֵם וַיְהִי דבריך [דְבָרְךּ] לִי לְשָׁשׁוֹן וּלְשִׂמְחַת לְבָבִי כִּי־נִקְרָא שִׁמְךּ עָלֵי ה׳ אֱלֹהֵי צְבָאוֹת: לֹא־יָשַׁבְתִּי בְסוֹד־מְשַׂחֲקִים וָאֶעְלֹז מִפְּנֵי יָדְךּ בָּדָד יָשַׁבְתִּי כִּי־זַעַם מִלֵּאתָנִי: לָמָּה הָיָה כְאֵבִי נָצֵח וּמַכָּתִי אֲנוּשָׁה מֵאֲנָה הַרְפֵא הָיוֹ תִהְיֶה לִי כְּמוֹ אַכְזָב מַיִם לֹא נֶאֱמָנוּ:

(**ירמיהו** טו, 17-15)

O LORD, you know—Remember me and take thought of me, Avenge me on those who persecute me; Do not yield to Your patience, Do not let me perish! Consider how I have borne insult On Your account. When Your words were offered, I devoured them; Your word brought me the delight and joy Of knowing that Your name is attached to me, O LORD, God of Hosts. I have not sat in the company of revelers And made merry! I have sat lonely because of Your hand upon me, For You have filled me with gloom. Why must my pain be endless, My wound incurable, Resistant to healing? You have been to me like a spring that fails, Like waters that cannot be relied on.





**← 7** 

וַיִּשְׁמַע פַּשְׁחוּר בֶּן־אָמֵּר הַכֹּהֵן וְהוּא־כָּקִיד נָגִיד בְּבֵית ה' אֶת־יִרְמְיָהוּ נִבָּא אֶת־הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלָּה: וַיַּכָּה כַּשְׁחוּר אֵת יִרְמְיָהוּ מִן־הַנָּבִית ה' וְיִּצֵא כַּשְׁחוּר אֶת־יִרְמְיָהוּ מִן־הַנָּבִית ה' וַיְּצֵא כַּשְׁחוּר אֶת־יִרְמְיָהוּ מִן־הַנָּבִית ה' וַיְּצֵא כַּשְׁחוּר אֶת־יִרְמְיָהוּ מִן הָבָּר בְּבֵית ה' וַיְּהִי מִמְּחֲלָת וַיִּצֵא כַשְׁחוּר אֶתְּךּ לְּמָגוֹר לְּךּ וּלְכָל־הַמַּהְפָּכֶת וַיֹּאמֶר אֵלָיו יִרְמְיָהוּ לֹא כַשְׁחוּר קָרֶא יְהוָה שְׁמֶּךְ כִּי אִם־מָגוֹר מְפָּבִיב: כִּי כֹה אָמֵר ה' הִנְנִי נֹתֶנְךּ לְמָגוֹר לְךּ וּלְכָל־אֹבְּיִדְּ וְנָכְלוּ בְּחֶרֶב אִיְבִיהֶם וְעֵינֶיךּ רֹאוֹת וְאֶת־כָּלֹ־יְהוּדָה אֶתֵּן בְּיֵד מֶלְרִּ־בָּבֶל וְהִגְּלָם בְּבָלָה וְהִכָּם בְּחָרֶב: וְנָתַתִּי אֶת־כָּלֹ־יִמְרָּ וְאֵת־כָּלֹ־יִקְרָה וְאֵת כָּלֹ־יִהוּדְה אֶתֵּן בְּיֵד מְלְכִי יְהוּדָה אֶתֵּן בְּיֵד אֹיְבִיהֶם וּבְיָזוּם וּלְקָחוּם וֶהָבָּיאוּם חֹסְן הָעִיר הַזֹּאֹת וְאֶת־כָּלֹ־יְנְתָרְּ וַּאֶתְרְכָּלֹי וְבָּלֹוֹ בְּחָרָב אִנְתְרְ הַלֹּאוֹת וְשָׁב מָּמְרָב וּלְבָּל מָבוֹא וְשָׁם תָּמוּת וְשָׁם תִּקְבֵר אַתָּה וְכָל־יִמְרָּ אֲשֶׁר־נִבָּאתָ בְּבֶּל הָבוֹל בָּשָׁבִי בִּיתֶךּ תַּלְכוּ בָּשֶּבִי וּבְּלָל תָּבוֹא וְשָׁם תָּמוּת וְשָׁם תִּקְבֵר אַתָּה וְכָל־יֹאהְבָּיך אֲשָׁר בְּיִבּאת.

(ירמיהו כ, 6-1).

Pashhur son of Immer, the priest who was chief officer of the House of the LORD, heard Jeremiah prophesy these things. Pashhur thereupon had Jeremiah flogged and put in the cell at the Upper Benjamin Gate in the House of the LORD. The next day, Pashhur released Jeremiah from the cell. But Jeremiah said to him, "The LORD has named you not Pashhur, but Magor-missabib. For thus said the LORD: I am going to deliver you and all your friends over to terror: they will fall by the sword of their enemies while you look on. I will deliver all Judah into the hands of the king of Babylon; he will exile them to Babylon or put them to the sword. And I will deliver all the wealth, all the riches, and all the prized possessions of this city, and I will also deliver all the treasures of the kings of Judah into the hands of their enemies: they shall seize them as plunder and carry them off to Babylon. As for you, Pashhur, and all who live in your house, you shall go into captivity. You shall come to Babylon; there you shall die and there you shall be buried, and so shall all your friends to whom you prophesied falsely."





פָּתִּיתַנִי ה' וָאֶפֶת, חֲזַקְתַּנִי וַתּוּכָל; הָיִיתִי לְשְׂחוֹק כָּל-הַיּוֹם, כֻּלֹה לֹעֵג לִי: כִּי-מָדֵי אֲדַבֵּר אֶזְעָק, חָזָקְתַּנִי וַתּוּכָל; הָיִוֹם: וְאָמַרְתִּי לֹא-אֶזְכְּרָנּוּ, וְלֹא-אֲדַבֵּר עוֹד בִּשְׁמוֹ, וְהָיָה בְלִבִּי כְּאֵשׁ בֹעֶרֶת, עָצִר בְּעַצְמֹתָי; דְּבָּר ה' לִי לְחָרְפָּה וּלְקָלֶה, כָּל-הַיּוֹם: וְאָמַרְתִּי לֹא-אֶזְכְּרָנּוּ, וְלֹא-אֲדַבֵּר עוֹד בִּשְׁמוֹ, וְהָיָה בְלִבִּי כְּלְעִי; אוּלִי יְכָתָּה וְנְלְאֵיתִי כַּלְכֵל, וְלֹא אוּכָל: כִּי שָׁמַעְתִּי דְּבָּת רַבִּים, מָגוֹר מִּפֶּבִיב, הַגִּידוּ וְנַגִּידֶנּוּ, כֹּל אֱנוֹשׁ שְׁלֹמִי שֹׁמְרֵי צַלְעִי; אוּלִי יְכָתֶּה וְנִלְּאָה לִוֹ, וְנְקְחָה נִקְמָתֵנוּ מִמֶּנוּ: וַה' אוֹתִי כְּגבּוֹר עָרִיץ, עַל-כֵּן רֹדְכֵיי יִכְּשְׁלוּ וְלֹא יֻכָלוּ; בַּשׁוּ מְאֹד כִּי-לֹא הִשְׂכִּילוּ, כְּלְמַתְּ עוֹלֶכְ לֹא תִשְׁכַחַ: וַה' צְּבָאוֹת בֹּחֵן צַדִּיק, רֹאֶה כְלָיוֹת וָלֵב; אֶרְאֶה נִקְמָתְרָּ מֵהֶם, כִּי אֵלִיךְ אָּלִיתִי אֶת-רְרִבִי: שִׁירוּ, לַה'-הַלְּלוּ, עִרִים: אֶרְאַה נְלְמָתְרָ מֵהֶם, כִּי אֲלִיךְ אָנִי אָמִי, אֵלּ-יְהִי בָּרוֹךְ: עָרִים: אֶרְים: אֲלְהִי בָּלוּ בְּלְּתִי הִלְּתָנִי אְתִּי הָבִיל אָת-עָבָר אַבְּיוֹתְ אַבָּר לְּאִב בְּלָּהְ בָּבּין מִּמְלְי אָמִי, אֲלָּרִים אֲשֶׁעֶר זְעָבָּר לֹא נִחָם; לְשָׁת עְמָל וְיְגוֹן, וַיִּלִר בְּעָת צְשֶּרְ לֹא-מוֹתְתָנִי, מַרְחֶם; וַתְּחָר: לִי אִמִּי קְבְּרִי, וְרְחְמָה בְּבַּלֵּת עוֹלְם: לָּמָה זְּבּי לֵא-מוֹת עָמָל וְיְגוֹן; וַיִּלְלוּ בְּבַשׁת, יָמָי.

(ירמיהו כ, 7-16).

You enticed me, O LORD, and I was enticed; You overpowered me and You prevailed. I have become a constant laughingstock, Everyone jeers at me. For every time I speak, I must cry out, Must shout, "Lawlessness and rapine!" For the word of the LORD causes me Constant disgrace and contempt. I thought, "I will not mention Him, No more will I speak in His name"—But [His word] was like a raging fire in my heart, Shut up in my bones; I could not hold it in, I was helpless. I heard the whispers of the crowd—Terror all around: "Inform! Let us inform against him!" All my [supposed] friends Are waiting for me to stumble: "Perhaps he can be entrapped, And we can prevail against him And take our vengeance on him." But the LORD is with me like a mighty warrior; Therefore my persecutors shall stumble; They shall not prevail and shall not succeed. They shall be utterly shamed With a humiliation for all time, Which shall not be forgotten. O LORD of Hosts, You who test the righteous, Who examine the heart and the mind, Let me see Your retribution upon them, For I lay my case before You. Sing unto the LORD, Praise the LORD, For He has rescued the needy From the hands of evildoers! Accursed be the day That I was born! Let not the day be blessed When my mother bore me! Accursed be the man Who brought my father the news And said, "A boy Is born to you," And gave him such joy! Let that man become like the cities Which the LORD overthrew without relenting! Let him hear shrieks in the morning And battle shouts at noontide—Because he did not kill me before birth So that my mother might be my grave, And her womb big [with me] for all time. Why did I ever issue from the womb, To see misery and woe, To spend all my days in shame!





**← E** 

ּכְּמַרְאֵה הַכָּשֶׁת אֲשֶׁר יִהְיֶה בֶעֶנָן בְּיוֹם הַגֶּשֶׁם כַּן מַרְאֵה הַנֹּנֵהּ סָבִיב הוּא מַרְאֵה דְּמוּת כְּבוֹד-ה' וְאָרְאֶה וְאֶכִּל עַל-פָנִי וְאֶשְׁמַע קוֹל מְדַבֵּר: וַיֹּאמֶר אֵלִי בָּן-אָדֶם עֲמֹד עַל-רַגְלֶיךּ וְאֻדְבַּר אֹתָךְ: וַתָּבֹא בִי רוּחַ כַּאֲשֶׁר דְּבֶּר אֵלִי וַתַּעֲמְדֵנִי עַל-רַגְלֶי וְאֶשְׁמַע אֵת מִדַּבֵּר אֵלָי: וַיֹּאמֶר אֵלִי בָּן-אָדֶם שׁוֹלֵחַ אֲנִי אוֹתְךּ אֶל-בְּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל אָל-גּוֹיִם הַמּוֹרְדִים אֲשֶׁר מָרְדוּ-בִי הַמָּה וַאֲבוֹתֶם פָּשְׁעוּ בִי עַד-עֶצֶם הַיּוֹם הַזֶּה: וְהַבָּנִים קְשֵׁי כָּנִים וְחִזְּקִי- לֵב אֲנִי שׁוֹלַחַ אוֹתְךּ אֲלֶיהֶם וְאָמֶרְתָּ אֲלִיהֶם כֹּה אָמֵר אֲדֹנִי ה': וְהַמָּה אִם-יִשְׁמְעוּ וְאִם-יֶחְדָּלוּ כִּי בֵּית מְרִי הַבָּה וֹלְיִר שְׁרָבִים וְאָמָרָתָ אֲלִיהֶם בָּה אָלַר-תִּירָא מֵהֶם וּמִדְּבְרִיהֶם אַל-תִּירָא כִּי סָרְבִים וְסַלּוֹנִים אוֹתָךְ בִּים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרִיהֶם אַל-תִּירָא וֹמְפָּנִיהָם אַל-תָּחָר בִּים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרִיהָם אַל-תִּירָא וֹמְפָּנִיהָם אַל-תְּרָבִים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרִיהָם אַל-תִּירָא וֹמְבְּנִיה אָל-תָּחְרָבִים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרִיהָם אַלּ-תִּירָא וֹמְבְּנִיה אָל-תָּחָר בִּים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרִיהם אַלּ-תְּירָא וֹמְבּלְיהָם אַלּ-תְּירָא וֹמְבּלְיהָם אַלּ-תְּוֹרָבִים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבְרִיהם אֵל-תִּירָא וֹמְבְּבְים אָל-תְּרְבִּים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְבְרִיהם אַלּ-תִּירָא וֹמְבְּבְים אַל-תְּחָרְבִּים אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְבְרִיהם אַלּ-תִּירָא וֹמְבָּרְים בְּים בּּוֹלְים אָל-בְּים בְּיִבּים אָתָה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְבְרִיהָהם אַל-תִּירָא וֹמְבְּבְים אָל-תְּרָבְים בְּים בְּשִׁים בְּים בְּיִבּים אָבּיל בִיים בְּיִם אָּבֹּים בְּיִים בְּיִם בְּעָּבְיִים בְּיִב אָּר הָּינִים הְיִּבְיּה בָּים בְּיִבְעוּים בָּים בְּיִלּים בְּיִים בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִים בְּבָּיוֹים בְּבָּי בְּים בְּים בְּיִבּים בְּבִיי וְישִׁם בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִילְבִי בְּילִיים בְּעָּים בְּים בְּיִבְּי וְשְׁבְּי בְּיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּעָּים בְּים בְּיִי וְיִילְייִי בְּיִי בְּעָבְן בְּבְּרִי וְיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיי וְיִילְּיִי בְּיִי בְּבְּיוֹי בְּיִי בְּיים בְּבָּי וְבְּיוֹם בְּבְּים בְּים בְּיִי בְּיבְּיי בְּיִבְּי ב

(יחזקאל א28 - ב6)

Like the appearance of the bow which shines in the clouds on a day of rain, such was the appearance of the surrounding radiance. That was the appearance of the semblance of the Presence of the LORD. When I beheld it, I flung myself down on my face. And I heard the voice of someone speaking. And He said to me, "O mortal, stand up on your feet that I may speak to you." As He spoke to me, a spirit entered into me and set me upon my feet; and I heard what was being spoken to me. He said to me, "O mortal, I am sending you to the people of Israel, that nation of rebels, who have rebelled against Me.—They as well as their fathers have defied Me to this very day; for the sons are brazen of face and stubborn of heart. I send you to them, and you shall say to them: 'Thus said the Lord GOD'— whether they listen or not, for they are a rebellious breed—that they may know that there was a prophet among them. "And you, mortal, do not fear them and do not fear their words, though thistles and thorns press against you, and you sit upon scorpions. Do not be afraid of their words and do not be dismayed by them, though they are a rebellious breed;

וָרוּחַ נְשָׂאַתְנִי וַתְּקָּחֶנִי וַאֵלֶךְ מַר בַּחֲמַת רוּחִי וְיֵד ה' עַלַי חַזַקָה:

(יחזקאל ג, 14)

A spirit seized me and carried me away. I went in bitterness, in the fury of my spirit, while the hand of the LORD was strong upon me.





← 6

וַיְהִי כְּהָנָּבְאִי וּפְלַטְיָהוּ בֶּן־בְּנָיָה מֵת וָאֶפּל עַל־פָּנַי וָאֶזְעַק קוֹל־גָּדוֹל וָאֹמַר אֲהָהּ אֲדֹנִי ה' כָּלָה אַתָּה עשׁׁה אֵת שארית ישׂראל:

(**יחזקאל** יא, 13)

Now, as I prophesied, Pelatiah son of Benaiah dropped dead. I threw myself upon my face and cried out aloud, "Ah, Lord GOD! You are wiping out the remnant of Israel!"

The texts above draw a surprising picture, one that does not necessarily present the prophets as passive and lacking their own voices. Their strong personalities and their faith in God and His words are evident in the text—but their position, placed between God and the people, necessarily means that their world is a lonely one. The prophet's home, then, is as mediator. Moffs puts it succinctly: "Israeli prophecy is the conversational bridge that facilitates the intimate encounter between the divine personality and the human personality."

We close with the Midrash's words about Moses, which describe the place of all of the prophets:

← 10

באותה שעה אמר רבונו של עולם עד עכשיו בקשתי חיים, ועכשיו הרי נפשי נתונה לך, וכיון שהשלים נפשו למיתה, פתח הקב"ה ואמר מי יקום לי עם מרעים (תהלים צד טז), ומי יעמוד להם לישראל בשעת כעסי, ומי יעמוד במלחמתו של בניי, ומי יעוד ויבקש עליהם רחמים, בשעה שחוטאין לפני"

(**תנחומא** בובר, ואתחנן ו

Then when he had resigned his soul to death, the Holy One opened by saying (in Ps. 94:16): WHO WILL STAND FOR ME AGAINST EVILDOERS? Who will stand for Israel in the time of my wrath? Who will stand in the battle of my children? And who will stand and seek mercy for them, when they sin before me?

For those interested in learning more on this topic, I recommend a supplemental study of Elijah (1 Kings 18–19) as well as the books of Jonah and Habbakkuk.